

## ELIZADE UNIVERSITY, ILARA-MOKIN, NIGERIA

**FACULTY: BASIC & APPLIED SCIENCES** 

**DEPARTMENT: BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES** 

FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION

2020/2021 ACADEMIC SESSION

COURSE CODE: EMT 207/GST 217

COURSE TITLE: CONTEMPORARY HEALTH ISSUES

COURSE UNIT(S): 2 UNITS

**DURATION:** 

2 HOURS

FCC 29 103/2021

**HOD's SIGNATURE** 

AME:	
MAT. No:	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
INSTRUCTIONS:	Attempt Question One; and any other two (2)

- a. Define the term 'diet'
  - b. List four (4) classes of food that you know and one biological function of each in human body
  - c. Fill in the gaps below:

S/N	List of nutritional deficiencies	Nutrient missing	Two (2) sources of	
			Food remedy	
1.	Scurvy			
2.	Kwashiorkor			
3.	Goiter			
4.	Rickets			
5.	Anemia			

d. Beta carotene can be converted toin the body when needed.	
e. For newborn babies, the best source of vitamin A is	
f. Thiamine deficiency is a common cause of Wernicke-Korsakoff syndrome. Yes or No.	
g can be used to prevent COVID-19 spread in the populace.	
h plays a crucial role in the formation of a child's brain and spinal cord.	
i is the name of the mosquito responsible for the transmission of malaria	
	(20 marks)

- 2. i. What do you understand by the term 'Drug abuse'?
  - ii. Mention five (5) substances that people abuse.
  - iii. Discuss three (3) major Causes of Drug Abuse
  - iv. List four (4) symptoms of drug abuse.
- 3. i. Highlights four (4) sources of HIV infection in human being
  - ii. Explain three (3) major ways that AIDS as a disease can be prevented in our society
  - iii. Highlight four (4) major routes of drug administration in the body

(20 marks)

- 4. i. Write short notes on natural history of COVID-19 Pandemic
  - ii. Discuss three (3) major sources of COVID-19 transmission in our society
  - iii. Briefly explain how the spread of COVID-19 can be reduced in Nigeria

(20 marks)

- 5. Write shorts notes on the following issues below:
  - i. Care of the body
  - ii. Exercise
  - iii. Benefits of healthy relationships
  - iv. Methods of prevention of malaria diseases
  - v. Prevention of Cancer disease

(20 marks)